# The highest-intensity surface muon beam $\mu$ E4 at PSI

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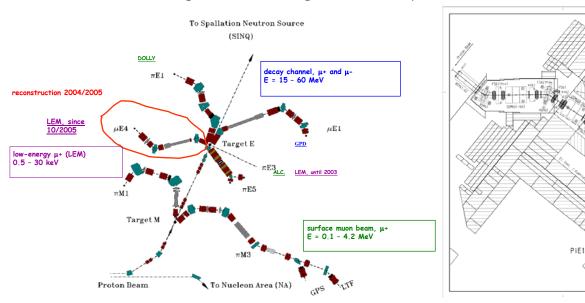
### Motivation:

At PSI, low-energy positive muons (E<30keV, LE- $\mu^+$ , LEM) [1,2] are used as a new, unique depth selective spin microprobe for thin film and nearsurface (d <300nm)  $\mu$ SR investigations. In order to fully exploit this new technique the old  $\mu$ E4 muon channel has been redesigned for the needs of the LE- $\mu^+$  apparatus. The new  $\mu$ E4 beam line is a dedicated high-intensity surface muon beam (4.1 MeV) that produces low-energy muons at a rate comparable to standard  $\mu$ SR facilities since Dec. 2005. The present work demonstrates, how an existing muon beam can be modified to achieve an order of magnitude larger phase space acceptance which allows the generation of highest-intensity muon beams.

# **Realization:**

MuE4

A large acceptance is achieved by use of two normal-conducting solenoids (WSX61/62) close to the muon production target. Standard large aperture quadrupoles and bending magnets transport the beam to the experiment. Three slit systems and an electrostatic separator allow the control of beam shape, momentum spread, and to reduce background due to beam positrons or electrons.

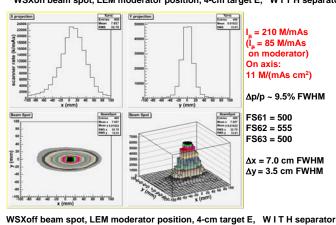


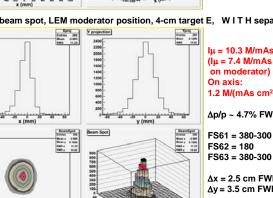


# Beam parameter (for 4.2-cm target E):

Maximum beam momentum is 36 MeV/c (limited by solenoid WSX61). Rates are given at a proton beam current of 1 mA, i.e. 1/mAs. Present proton beam current (2006): 2.0 mA. Without electrostatic separator, the ratio  $e^{+}/\mu^{+}$  is about 5.  $\mu^{-}$  can be extracted as well at a maximum rate of 2.9×10<sup>6</sup>/mAs at 28 MeV/c. Rates increase proportionally with target E length up to 6 cm.

	new µE4, WSXoff	new µE4, WSXon
Horizontal emittance (TRACK)	60 $\pi$ cm mr	300 $\pi$ cm mr
Vertical emittance (TRACK)	15 $\pi$ cm mr	600 $\pi$ cm mr
accepted solid angle $\Delta \Omega$	6 msr	125 msr
∆p/p (FWHM)	1.5 - 10 %	4.5 - 9.5 %
max. μ+ intensity	10.3 · 10 <sup>6</sup> / mAs	210 · 10 <sup>6</sup> / mAs
on LEM moderator (3×3 cm²)	7.4 · 10 <sup>6</sup> / mAs	85 · 10 <sup>6</sup> / mAs
ma×. low-energy muon rate (at moderator)	740 / mAs	8500 / mAs
∆× (FWHM)	2.5 cm	7.0 cm
∆y (FWHM)	3.5 cm	3.5 cm
∆×' (FWHM)	115 mr	120 mr
∆y' (FWHM)	70 mr	300 mr
Channel length (up to LEM Moderator)	19.3 m	19.3 m
e+ contamination	< 1%	< 1%





WSXon beam spot, LEM moderator position, 4-cm target E, WITH separator

= 210 M/mAs (l<sub>µ</sub> = 85 M/mAs on moderator) 11 M/(mAs cm<sup>2</sup>) ∆p/p ~ 9.5% FWHM FS61 = 500FS62 = 555 FS63 = 500 ∆x = 7.0 cm FWHM ∆y = 3.5 cm FWHM

 $(I_{\mu} = 7.4 \text{ M/mAs})$ on moderator) 1.2 M/(mAs cm<sup>2</sup>) ∆p/p ~ 4.7% FWHM FS61 = 380-300

 $\Delta x = 2.5 \text{ cm FWHM}$ ∆y = 3.5 cm FWHM



#### beam transport calculations



# **Financial contributions:**

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#### **References:**

Generation of very slow polarized positive muons, E. Morenzoni et al., Phys. Rev. [1] Lett. 72 (1994) 2793.

Generation and applications of slow polarized muons, P. Bakule and E. Morenzoni, [2] Cont. Phys. 45 (2004) 203.

The new high-intensity surface muon beam  $\mu E4$  for the generation of low-energy [3] muons at PSI, T. Prokscha et al., Physica B374-375 (2006) 460.

#### beam measurements

scanner rate (k/mAs)

Transport and TRACK calculation for WSXon, at separator position

